

No. 16,245.

號二月六年五十百九千壹英

HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 2, 1915.

卯乙大歲年四國民華中

CHONG 2800 Per. Month

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.

Wine & Spirit Merchants
ESTABLISHED 74 YEARS
Agents for
MESSRS. W. & A. GILBEY'S
WINE & SPIRITS.
MESSRS. JOHN DEWAR & SON'S
SCOTCH WHISKY.
MESSRS. JOHN JEFFREY & CO'S.
PILSENER BEER.

THE CHINA MAIL.

NOTICE.

Communications relating to news should be addressed to THE EDITOR.
Correspondents must forward their names and addresses with any communication addressed to the Editor, not necessarily for publication but as evidence of good faith.
All matter for publication should be written on one side of the paper only.
Letters relating to business should be addressed to THE MANAGER.
Rate of subscription to "China Mail" is \$36 per annum; per quarter and per month "pro rata".
The "China Mail" is delivered free to subscribers in Hongkong and Kowloon.
Postage is charged at the rate of fifty cents per month.
Orders for extra copies of the "China Mail" should be sent as soon as possible as the supply is limited. Cash 10 cts., Credit 50 cts., per copy.
Rate of subscription to the "Overland China Mail" is \$12 per annum; postage \$1 per annum extra. Single copies twenty cents each.
Alterations and additions to advertisements on pages 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7 should be sent to the Office, No. 5, Wyndham Street, not later than 11.30 a.m.
Alterations and additions to advertisements on pages 1, 4, 5 and 8 should be sent as not later than 1 p.m.
New advertisements should be sent in before 5 p.m.
Advertisements and Subscriptions which are not ordered for a fixed period will be continued until countermanded.
Telegraphic Address: "M.M." Hongkong. Code A.B.C. 5th Edition.
Telephone No. 22.
THE CHINA MAIL, LIMITED.

ONE OF THE "SIX HUNDRED."

The death has occurred at Reading, in his 54th year, of Major Edward Phillips, late of the 9th Hussars, who was one of the last two surviving officers of the Charge of the Six Hundred at Balaklava. Major Phillips, who obtained a commission in the 9th Hussars in 1861, served through the Crimean War. Kinglake, in his History of the War, referring to the famous charge, says: "Lieut. Phillips, who had just had his horse shot under him, and Pte. Brown, who had been disabled in both hands, were attacked by Lanciers, and, although Phillips was able to keep off the assailants with his revolver, both he and the soldier whom he was protecting must have been on the point of being either despatched or taken, when the recall being sounded, the Lanciers rode off, and Phillips and the soldier he had guarded took good their way back to our lines." In 1887 he went with his regiment to India, and took part in the operations against the rebels in the mutiny; being mentioned in despatches. After retiring from the regular army in 1899 Major Phillips acted as adjutant to the Ayrshire Yeomanry Cavalry for a number of years. The remainder of his life was spent in Reading, where he took an active interest in many philanthropic enterprises.

According to a later official despatch concerning the recent anti-Japanese riot at Hankow, thirteen Japanese were wounded more or less severely, including a military interpreter who lost his eyesight altogether, says the "Japan Mail." The exact extent of the damage is unknown, and a rumor that two Japanese were killed has not yet been confirmed. Proper steps will be adopted by the Japanese Government to secure the punishment of the offenders and compensation for the damage as soon as the investigation has been completed by the Japanese Consul-General, Mr. Segawa.

The Man Who Gets There

Is the man who has blood—real rich red blood—plenty of it—in his body.
WATERBURY'S METABOLIZED COD LIVER OIL COMPOUND
makes blood—lots of it—life-giving, brain nourishing, strength replenishing blood.

OF ALL CHEMISTS

Prices: \$1.25 and \$2.25

BUSINESS NOTICES.

STEAM OR MOTOR VESSELS

Forgings Castings and Repairs
PUMPS INJECTORS AND ENGINEERS STORES
SHIPPED TO ORDER.
Write for Prices

W. S. BAILEY & Co., Ltd.

ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS.
Sole Agents for KELVIN MOTORS.

CHEN KWONG & Co., Ltd.

GENERAL IMPORT & EXPORT.

CANTON.

LARGE WHOLESALE & RETAIL STORE.

FURNITURE, Draperies, Groceries, Boots and Shoes.
Makers of Jewellery, Lacquerware, Crockery Ware.
Ironmongery, Wine and Spirits.
Foreign Clothes for gentlemen made to order by our own tailors.
Large assortment of Chinese Silks and Foreign Goods of every description.
All goods sold at reasonable Prices.
The Cheapest and Best place in Canton & Hongkong to buy Chinese and Foreign Goods.
SUR PAT POO STREET, CANTON and Nos. 237, 239, Des Voeux Road and No. 130, Connaught Road Central.
Tel. No. 1402.
Tel. No. 811.

WHO'S WHO IN JAPAN

EDITED AND PUBLISHED BY S. KURITA.

The first (1913) edition is already issued. BIOGRAPHIES of over 5,000 people who are well-known in society and of several hundred foreigners associated with Japan appear in the book. Quite new materials and accurate sketches, both being utterly free from prejudices.
Many portraits are inserted. The book contains over 1,400 pages.
The price is yen 6 (12/-) or \$3 per copy. Orders for the book should be accompanied by payment.
Subscribers for the second annual edition of "Who's Who in Japan" will be allowed a reduction of one yen.
The registered postage is 18 sen, to Korea and China 40 sen and to Europe & America 70 sen or 35 cents.
It is a GOOD ADVERTISING MEDIUM.
Many influential papers of the world noticed this work in the highest terms.
For example, The Daily Mail says:—
Yet another "Who's Who" and this time from Japan! The reader is apt at first to regard it as a curiosity, as a sign that the East has now become Western practically almost to the last detail. But "Who's Who in Japan" is far more than a curiosity; it is a very sound and useful reference book. It is printed in English and contains brief biographies, on the accepted model of prominent men in Japan. Mr. Kurita is a skilful editor and has done his work well.
Who's Who in Japan Publishing Office, No. 5, 1-chome, Uchisaiwaicho, Kojimachi-Tokyo.

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE INSURANCE CO.

IN WHICH ARE VESTED THE SHARES OF THE OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD., and THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS ASSURANCE CO.

TOTAL FUNDS AT 31st DECEMBER, 1914, £23,622,185.
I—Authorized Capital £5,000,000
Subscribed Capital £4,500,000
Paid up Capital £2,437,500
II—Fire Funds £3,899,114
III—Life & Annuity Funds £18,185,180
Sinking Fund Account £3,613

Revenue Fire Branch £2,067,188
Life and Annuity £1,973,263
Revenue Marine Department £22,692
Other Receipts £30,193
£3,233,312

The Accumulative Funds of the various Branches are separately invested, and, by Act of Parliament, are set aside to meet the claims under the respective Departments of the Company's Business.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO., Agents.

THE ALEXANDRA CAFE cannot be beaten, if Equalled. For Bread, Cakes, Confectionery, Mince with Wines & Liqueurs.

HOTELS

KINGSLERE HOTEL, HONGKONG.

UNRIVALLED position in the Hill district overlooking the Botanical Gardens and facing the Harbour.
Numerous quiet Suites with luxuriously fitted Bathrooms, Telephones and Electric Fans.
Telephone No. 1122.
Cable Address: "Sachols".
A.B.C. Code 5th Ed.
Hongkong, September 1, 1902. 1903

KING EDWARD HOTEL

Central Location.
ALL ELECTRIC TRAM PASS ENTRANCE.
Electric Lifts, Fans and Lights.
European Baths and Sanitary Fixings.
Hot and Cold Water System throughout.
Best of Food and Service.
Telephone 373.
Telegraphic Address: "VICTORIA".
FRANK L. COOPER, Manager.

PEAK TRAMWAYS COMPANY, LIMITED.

TIME TABLE.

WEEK DAYS.
7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
8.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.
10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
11.00 a.m. to 12.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
12.45 p.m. to 1.15 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
1.15 p.m. to 1.45 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
1.45 p.m. to 2.15 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
2.15 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
5.00 p.m. to 8.10 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
NIGHT CARS as on Week Days.
SATURDAYS.
Extra Car at 12 midnight.
SPECIAL CARS by arrangement at the Company's Office, ALEXANDRA BUILDING, Des Voeux Road Central.
JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON, General Managers.

PATELL & CO.

Exporters & Importers

General Merchants

Commission Agents.

HONGKONG, CANTON, SHANGHAI AND HANKOW

SINGON & CO.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1890.

IRON STEEL, METAL and HARD WARE MERCHANTS. Wholesale and Retail Ironmongers, Pig Iron and Foundry "Coke" Importers. General Storekeepers and Shipbuilders. Nos. 30 and 32, Hing Loong Street, (2nd Street, west of Central Market) Telephone No. 515.
Hongkong, September 4, 1914

BUSINESS NOTICES.

THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD AND ENGINEERING CO. OF HONGKONG, LTD.

TAIKOO DOCKYARD, HONGKONG.

SHIPBUILDERS, SALVORS AND REPAIRERS, BOILERMAKERS, FORGE-MASTERS, BRASS AND IRON FOUNDERS, CONSTRUCTIONAL, ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERS.
WELDING AND CUTTING OF METALS BY OXY-ACETYLENE AND ELECTRIC SYSTEMS.
Estimates given for quick construction and repair of Ships, Engines, Boilers, Railway Rolling Stock, cranes, and all Classes of Engineering, Iron and Wood Work.

GRAVING DOCK 737 x 88 x 34 ft.
Pumps empty Dock in 2 3/4 hours.

THREE PATENT SLIPWAYS taking vessels up to 3,000 tons displacement, providing conditions for painting ships with most efficient results.

100-Ton ELECTRIC CRANE ON QUAY—ELECTRIC OVERHEAD CRANES throughout the Shops ranging up to 100 Tons.

50-Ton Hydraulic TESTING MACHINE for Chains, Wire Ropes, Rivets, etc.

AGENTS FOR:—

JOHN I. THORNTON & CO., LTD.

PETROL & KEROSENE MARINE MOTORS 7.2 to 150 H.P.
As supplied to the British Admiralty and War Office.
MOTOR VESSELS, LIGHT DRAFT CARRIERS, GUNBOATS, LAUNCHES, HOUSEBOATS & PLEASURE CRAFT OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
MOTOR PUMPING & LIGHTING SETS, MOTOR VEHICLES, ETC.
Dockyard Manager can be seen between the hours of 11 a.m. and 12 noon at the Town Office.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.

HONGKONG, CHINA AND JAPAN AGENTS.

Telegraphic Address: "TAIKOODOCK". Telephone No. 212.

The Best Means in Hongkong

Either light or substantial

Available only at the

ALEXANDRA CAFE.

BAGUIO HOTEL

Baguio, P.I.

5,000 Feet Above Sea Level—Mean Temperature, 65°. The Coming Health Resort of the Far East. Eight Hours From Manila, Rail or Auto. Bracing Climate in the Fine Country of Northern Luzon. The "BAGUIO" is an excellent location, cuisine, homelike atmosphere and modern up-to-date features.

-P-6 Up, Daily. -P-35.00 Up, Weekly

Special Rates For Prolonged Stays

BENQUET COMMERCIAL CO., Proprietors.—Cable Address—"BECOME".

THE HONGKONG HOTEL

GRILL ROOM

J. H. TAGGART, MANAGER.

PEAK HOTEL

ADMIRABLY SITUATED AT VICTORIA GAY.

Adjoining the Tramway Terminus, 1,400 Feet above Sea Level.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY, RESIDENTIAL AND TOURISTS' HOTEL.

Telephones in all rooms. First-class Cuisine, Lounge, Smoking and Ladies' Rooms.

Roof Garden.

Terms—From 25 per day Max. Telegraph Add: "Peaceful".

P. O. PEDESTAL, Manager.

GRAND HOTEL

A FIRST CLASS AND TRAVEL HOTEL, most central location within the vicinity of all the principal Banks.

Noted for the Best Food, Refreshments, Accommodation and Cleanliness. Cuisine under European Supervision. A First Class string Orchestra renders selections from 5.30 p.m. to 11.30 p.m.

Special monthly terms for residents and for shipping, particularly for the "P. O. PEDESTAL" and "COMFORT".

Telephone 197. Telegraphic Address: "COMFORT".

BUSINESS NOTICES.

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LTD.

Portland Cement

In Chunks of 275 lbs. net.

In Bags of 250 lbs. net.

Shewan, Tomes & Co.

GENERAL MANAGERS.

A PREVENTIVE OF MALARIA MOSCATINE.

THE INFALLIBLE INSECT REPELLENT.

Price 50 cts. \$1.00 and \$2.50 Per Bottle.

Prepared only by

THE VICTORIA DISPENSARY.

32, Queen's Road Central.

THE HONGKONG ROPE MANUFACTURING Co., Ltd.

Established 1883

MANUFACTURERS OF

PURE Manila ROPE

STRAND 1/4" to 1 1/2" CIRCUMFERENCE. CABLE LAID 5" to 15" CIRCUMFERENCE. 4 STRAND 3" to 10" CIRCUMFERENCE.

Oil Drilling Cables of any size up to 3,000 feet in length.

Prices, Samples and full particulars will be forwarded on application to

Shewan Tomes & Co., General Managers.

Hongkong, April 11, 1912.

601

"MUMEYA"

"While-you-wait" Photography

JUST ARRIVED FROM JAPAN A FULLY QUALIFIED ARTIST WITH APPARATUS AND MATERIALS WHICH CAN FINISH IN AN HOUR.

PRICE 2.00 per 3 pcs. for Post Card.

No. 34, Queen's Road Central.

TELE. No. 254.

679

THE KWONG HIP LUNG CO., LTD.

(NOW RECONSTRUCTED)

ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS, BOILER-MAKERS, BRASS and IRON FOUNDRY. All work done in this establishment is guaranteed. We have over thirty years' experience. We own two Slipways and can accommodate any craft of 200 feet long.

Town Office 48 CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG. Telephone No. 469. Shipyard, SHAM-POI-PO, KOW-LOON, HONGKONG. Telephone No. K. 9. Estimates furnished on application.

WONG PING WA, Manager.

Hongkong, April 1, 1912.

Bournville

The "COCOA de Luxe"

HIGHEST GRADE BRITISH MADE

Cadbury's Bournville Cocoa represents the highest grade of nutritive cocoa at present on the market; it fully maintains its high reputation for value and delicacy of flavour, and is second to none in any respect whatsoever. Medical Magazine, March, 1912.

CADBURY'S CHOCOLATES

In Tins and Fancy Boxes Specially Packed for Export

"FROM THE FACTORY IN A GARDEN" BOURNVILLE, ENG.

Hongkong, Dec. 11, 1910.

INTIMATIONS

G. FALCONER & CO., LTD.,

WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS.

DIAMOND BRACELETS, RINGS, BROOCHES,
SILVER CUPS, TEA SETS, CIGARETTE CASES

AGENTS FOR

BENSON'S ENGLISH MADE WATCHES.

HOTEL MANSIONS: OPPOSITE GENERAL POST OFFICE.

THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE
ENGLISH TAILORS
IN THE COLONY.No. 1, WYNDHAM ST.
(Pioneer Street)
ESTABLISHED 1890.

Appropriate, always.

With certain dishes, such as *Game*,
Lea & Perrins' Sauce is *always* appropriate.
It is the recognised sauce for such use.In fact, for everything with which a sauce
can be used, Lea & Perrins' is invariably
the BEST. It has a refinement of flavour
that suits the most delicate dishes and
appeals to the most exacting palates.Lea & Perrins
The Original & Genuine
WORCESTERSHIRE.

THE CHINA MAIL, LTD

UNDERTAKES

ALL SORTS OF ARTISTIC JOB-PRINTING

such as:

INVITATION CARDS, MENUS, DANCE AND ENTERTAINMENT

PROGRAMMES, CIRCULARS, PAMPHLETS, BOOKS, PROSPECTUS,
TUBES, WINE LISTS, ETC. ETC., ETC.

Obtain quotations from

THE CHINA MAIL OFFICE.
5 Wyndham Street

European Supervision

Moderate Price

A Natural
RemedyTime was when disease was thought to be due
to the direct influence of evil spirits, and exorcism
and magic were invoked to cast it out.Science has taught us wisdom. The evil
spirits exist still. We call them "Disease
Germs," and they also must be cast out. Once
lodged in the stomach or intestines, fever with
its hallucinations, or biliousness with its aches
and pains, is the result.ENO'S
FRUIT SALTis the approved remedy for driving out disease
germs. Its action is quick and thorough. It
clears the impurities, rouses the torpid liver to new
life, stimulates the mucous membrane to a healthy
action, and cleanses and invigorates the whole
digestive tract.It may be safely taken at any time by young
or old.It is very effective in the early stage of Diarrhoea
by removing the irritating cause.Be prepared for emergencies by always keeping
a bottle in the house.

Prepared on y by

ENO, LTD., "FRUIT SALT" WORK, LONDON, ENGLAND.
SOLD BY CHEMISTS AND STORES EVERYWHERE.

INTIMATIONS

MITSUBISHI BISHI GOSHI KWAISHA
(MITSUBISHI CO.)

COAL DEPARTMENT.

SOLE PROPRIETORS OF TANKA
SIMA, OCHI, MUTARE, YO-
SHINOTANI, KISHIDAKE, HOJO,
KANADA, NAKAMURA, SAVO,
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Colliers.AGENTS for RAKITO, & OTUBARI
COALS.

HEAD OFFICE:—TOKYO.

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Nagasaki, Moji, Karatsu,
Wakamatsu, Otsu, Maruoka,
Hakodate, Kobe, Osaka, Kure,
Tokyo, Yokohama, Nagoya,
Tsuruga, Shanghai, Hongkong,
Hankow, Peking.TEL. ADDRESSES for above: "IWASAKI,"
Codes:—A1, ABC 5th Ed., Western Union.

AGENCIES:

CHINKIANO: Messrs Gearing &
Co.MANILA: Messrs Macondray &
Co.SINGAPORE: Messrs Borneo Co.
Ltd.GLASGOW: Messrs A.R. Brown,
McFarlane & Co., Ltd.

For particulars, apply to

K. KATO,

Manager,

No. 2, PRINCE STREET,

HONGKONG.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the
THIRTIETH ANNUAL OR-
DINARY GENERAL MEETING of the
Company (since its registration) will be
held at the HONGKONG HOTEL, HONGKONG,
on THURSDAY, the 3rd day of June,
1915, at Noon, for the purpose of receiving
the Report of the General Managers
together with a Statement of Accounts to
the 31st December, 1914.The REGISTER of SHARES of the
Company will be CLOSED from MON-
DAY, the 31st May, to FRIDAY, the 4th
June, 1915, both days inclusive, during
which period no Transfer of Shares can be
Registered.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON,

General Managers.

Hongkong, May 29, 1915.

KWONG HING CHONG & CO.

No. 70, Wellington Street,

HONGKONG.

LADIES' TAILORS

GENERAL DRAPEES

DEALERS IN

SILK Laces, Embroidery, Fancy and Piece
Goods, also Manufacture Ladies and
Children Underwear, House Shirt and
Gent's Shirt made to order in the Latest
Style.

ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

PRICES MODERATE.

Hongkong, May 29, 1915.

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

BUTTER & CHEESE.

The following prices approved by
the Food Committee will come into
force on and after 24th May, 1915.

Dairy Butter.....\$1.10 per lb.

Dairymaid Butter.....\$1.00

Buttercup Butter.....90

Pastry Butter.....80

Cheese.....70

66

MARTIN'S
APIOL-STEEL
PILLS
A French Remedy for all Disorders of the
Stomach and Bowels. It is a powerful
stimulant and tonic, and is especially
valuable in cases of indigestion, consti-
pation, and general debility. It is
sold by all Chemists and Druggists.
MARTIN'S
APIOL-STEEL
PILLS
A French Remedy for all Disorders of the
Stomach and Bowels. It is a powerful
stimulant and tonic, and is especially
valuable in cases of indigestion, consti-
pation, and general debility. It is
sold by all Chemists and Druggists.THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 1
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THERAPION No. 3
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MASPERO "SPECIALS"

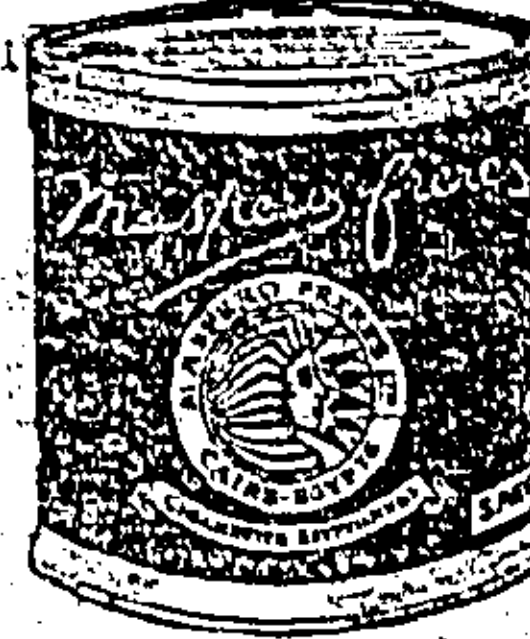


\$1.50

Tin of

50

Cigarettes

The Smoker who appreciates the charm of the Egyptian
Cigarette will find Maspero "Specials" delightful.

SIR HERBERT TREE.

INTERESTING ANNIVERSARY.

Managerial Memories.

Sir Herbert Tree, when the writer called upon him in his private
office at His Majesty's Theatre yesterday afternoon, was "easily per-
suaded to lapse into reminiscent mood," says a correspondent in "The
Daily Telegraph" of April 29. Indeed, the mood may be said to have
been already upon him, for he could not forget that to-day is the eight-
eenth anniversary of the opening of the theatre that stands for all that
is best in our contemporary dramatic annals. "One travels so quickly,"
he observed, "that one hardly notices the milestones." After a pause,
he added: "It is the eighteenth, isn't it?" and he was glad to be
assured that his reckoning was quite correct.It was only natural that the re- I had made a speech to the audience
cord of His Majesty's should have at the close of the performance the
preface. And this spoke Sir Her- Crown Prince sent round for me, my
bert: "I was for ten years at the daughter, and Miss Collier. Then an
Haymarket, over the way. There I extraordinary thing happened. Whilst
had a very stormy, though a very box the audience, turning their backs
successful, time. But a larger ambi- upon the stage, applauded for twenty
tion came to me. My desire was minutes by the watch. At last the
to launch out into the classical Crown Prince said: 'You must ad-
theatre, and for that I felt that I must build a new one, in order that the
classical seat might have elbow- room. I have no doubt I should
have been a much richer man to-day
if I had stuck to the old Haymar-
ket—this without the vestige of a
regretful sigh—' but, still, I fulfilled
my ambition."The reflection inevitably suggested
an anecdote. "I remember Nutt
Goodwin coming to me one day,"
said Sir Herbert. "After we had
exchanged greetings, I asked him:
'What are you doing?' 'Oh!' re-
plied he, 'I am making money; and
I see, Herbert, you are still making
history.'"Sitting amid the environment of
theatrical prints and portraits of all
kinds—including, of course, presen-
ments of some of his own impersona-
tions—and perusing a little booklet
which sets out the long and com-
prehensive list of plays that have
been produced under his manage-
ment, Sir Herbert gave himself up
unreservedly to reminiscence. And
his talk, as he surveyed the list, as-
sumed the genial form of managerial
memories, illuminated occasionally
by vivid flashes of candour and self-
revelation. "A beautiful play," he
would say, as his eye alighted upon
some well-remembered production,
"but what a magnificent failure,
what a heroic failure!"For example, recalling his produc-
tion of "The Merry Wives" at the
Haymarket Theatre in 1889, he ob-
served: "So great a failure had I
made in the play previously, that I
felt I must retrieve the situation
by producing the work at the Hay-
market. That, perhaps, is a way I
have. The moment to get me to do
a thing is often the moment when I
encounter strongest opposition.
From opposition one gathers
strength. Another principle of mine
is never to listen to advice excepting
with one deaf ear."Another interesting stage in the
conversation was reached when Sir
Herbert, surveying the plays he pro-
duced at one period, confessed, "It
seems to me that I was floundering
then. And what saved me was
Shakespeare. 'Julius Caesar' was
an enormous success. Later, too,
when he encountered 'Midsummer
Night's Dream' in the list he held
in his hand, Sir Herbert remarked:
'By that time, I fancy, the sands
of my banking account must have
been running out. Hence my re-
course to Shakespeare once again.'"MEMORABLE BERLIN VISIT.
Coming down to the year 1907,
Sir Herbert recalled his visit to Ber-
lin in April of that year, and made
use of a phrase that is of peculiar
interest at the present time. "I re-
member," he said, "it seems to me that
I could then remember the rumblings
of contemporary events."It was obvious that that visit to
Berlin had left vivid memories in
more ways than one. "I remember
well," said Sir Herbert, "that after
I had made a speech to the audience
at the close of the performance the
Crown Prince sent round for me, my
daughter, and Miss Collier. Then an
extraordinary thing happened. Whilst
the audience, turning their backs
upon the stage, applauded for twenty
minutes by the watch. At last the
Crown Prince said: 'You must ad-
dress them again.' And accordingly,
standing in front of the Imperial box,
I made another speech to the audi-
ence. 'Thinking of that Berlin visit,'
pursued Sir Herbert, "I am remind-
ed of the attitude of certain of the
critics as to the way in which Ger-
mans treated Shakespeare. And I
remember that to one of the critics
who came to interview me I made
use of the expression, 'The Prus-
sians appear to regard Shakespeare
as a sort of literary Heligoland.'"And so, running his eye down the
list of his productions, nothing here
in success, and acknowledging there
a failure, Sir Herbert recalled the
most notable milestones in his career
of management. Incidentally, it
may be mentioned that Sir Herbert
entertains high hopes about his
coming production, "The Right to
Kill."

GRATITUDE TO THE PUBLIC.

The rapid review of his numerous
productions concluded, Sir Herbert
became reflective and a trifle quizz-
ical. "I am very grateful indeed,"
he said, "that all this time the
public have allowed me the luxury
of managing the theatre in the way
that most pleased me, and without
having to consider anybody but my-
self. It is a great satisfaction to me
that I have not lost other people's
money; and there is a great satis-
faction in losing one's own—pleas-
antly! Of course, at a time like
the present, it seems almost brutal
to think of one's-self and one's own
little achievements; but I hope that
the theatre will loom out through
the poisonous gases of war stronger
and more striving than ever.""It is very wonderful that after
all these years—I took to the stage
in 1878—the public should not have
grown tired of me. A penalty of
popularity, however, is that one is
imitated so much that one wonders
the public does not grow weary of
one's-self. I have heard of a gentle-
man who sank wearily into his stall
rather late one evening whilst I was
playing 'David Copperfield,' and
presently walked out after exclaiming:
'I have heard that man three nights
running at the music-halls, and I
cannot stand him again to-night!'
The man had my sympathy—if not
for the sake of my own performance,
at least for the sake of the imita-
tions.""I tell you this story," added Sir
Herbert somewhat sadly, as it were,
"because I observe that in the
obituary notices the choicest type
is always devoted to anecdotes." So
saying, Sir Herbert was tempted to
indulge in another. "I remember,"
he said, "having this remark made
to me: 'The great merit of your
performances was that there was no-
thing of Tree in them.' Wearily and
with a sort of far-away look, Sir
Herbert added: 'Perhaps that ac-
counts for my popularity.' His ad-
mirers may think otherwise."PRESIDENT WILSON AND
AMERICAN NEUTRALITY.

NATIONAL POLICY UPHELD.

New York, April 26.
According to Washington des-
patches President Wilson is by no
means abashed because of the fre-
quent cabled comments from Europe
to the effect that America, as a
party to The Hague Convention, was
in duty bound to protest against
Germany's action in violating the
neutrality of Belgium, and that, as
a direct result of her failure to
protest, America's international in-
fluence has been largely lessened.
The President refuses to speak for
publication on this point, but his
friends declare that the traditional
policy of the United States to avoid
all foreign entanglements has been
upheld by him, and that he was
advised from the first that no pro-
test would be effective.Another motive suggested by Re-
publican critics is that the President
was unwilling to incur the animosity
of the several millions of Ger-
man-American citizens, who
would have regarded a protest as
hostile to their native country, and
whose votes at the next Presidential
election were deemed necessary to
Democratic success. So far as one
can judge at Washington President
Wilson is being criticised by all be-
lievers. Allied as well as Teutonic,
and herein he sees a proof that Amer-
ica has not departed from the true
spirit of neutrality.GERMAN-AMERICAN COMPLAINT.
It remains true, however, that the
German-Americans have been most
sorely hurt, and the rancour which
they feel has been shown not only
by Count Bernstorff and Herr Dern-
burg, but by the "hyphenated"
citizens, who are now forming a
"Band" to secure by votes what
they have so far failed to secure by
clamour. In this instance, again,
they will be disappointed, because
the average American resents no-
thing more than efforts to form
nationalist factions, and the "hyphen-
ated" crowd are heavily out-num-
bered by the mass of plain American
citizens, who put the United States
first and owe no special allegiance
to any European country from which
they originally came.So far from being abashed, Presi-
dent Wilson, according to the
Washington correspondent of the
New York Times, is studying all the
phases of the international situation
with a view to being thoroughly pre-
pared to take an active part in the
effort to bring peace to Europe should
the opportunity be presented for the
exercise of the good offices of the
United States Government.For several weeks the President
has seen few visitors. He spends
many hours each day in his study
with his desk piled with documents
relating to matters to which he is
devoting attention, and he is credited
with being engaged in a consistent
attempt to fix in his mind the main
points of the historical, geographical,
and legal problems that must be
understood by anyone who is to take
a prominent part in the negotiations
having to do with the adjustment
of the differences that set most of
the world on fire.

THE TERMS OF PEACE.

Through private correspondence
the President is reported to be in
touch with opinion in the Chanceries
of Europe concerning the prospects
of peace, and the chances that the
Washington Government will be
called on to lend a hand in the res-
toration of normal conditions. The
prevailing view held by some men
high in the Government is that when
the time for making peace arrives
the animosity towards America will
have moderated, and it will be realis-
ed that as the nation least involved
in the war, directly or indirectly,
the United States must have a large
share in the adjustment of the prob-
lems that will confront all those
immediately concerned.In its desire to see peace in
Europe," concludes the New York
Times' correspondent, "Washing-
ton's interest is not confined to keep-
ing itself in a position which would
lead to its possible selections as the
chief peacemaker. It regards as of
equal importance that it shall remain
the firm friend of all the parties now
at enmity, so that it will be able to
take the foremost part in the move-
ment for a post-bellum world con-
gress that will revise and codify the
principles of international law and,
perhaps, provide a means for the
maintenance of permanent peace."
Daily Telegraph.LOSING WEIGHT
BY THE FOUNDUnder Weight, a condition
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Hongkong, June 1, 1915. 480FIRE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION
OF HONGKONG.
KING'S BIRTHDAY.NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all
FIRE INSURANCE OFFICES
will be CLOSED for the Transaction of
PUBLIC BUSINESS on THURSDAY,
the 3rd June.By Order, A. R. LOWE,
Secretary.
Hongkong, June 1, 1915. 481MARINE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION
OF HONGKONG.
KING'S BIRTHDAY.NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all
MARINE INSURANCE OFFICES
will be CLOSED for the Transaction of
PUBLIC BUSINESS on THURSDAY,
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12th June.C. D. J. BELL,
for Chief Constructor.
Hongkong, May 31, 1915. 476

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MODEST GERMAN CLAIMS.

AMBASSADOR OPPOSES ANNEXATION.

A Sober View of War Possibilities.

Non-Admiral Hintze, the German Minister at Peking, recently delivered a little address to the German colony at Shanghai. Having described in glowing terms the national enthusiasm which he had just witnessed in Germany, and expressed his fervent hope that out of this trial a new and better Germany would arise, he said that with reference to the attacks to which the Germans in the international settlements were necessarily exposed:—

"We shall not reply to this scurrilous campaign of calumny and misrepresentation. We shall keep a cool head in our calm assurance of victory. We shall reserve the settlement of the accounts until the end of the war, until the day of victory and even then we shall, in face of the fears which our enemies are trying to instil into neutral States, show the world that Germany has in this war fought for a great and sacred cause. We shall not force any foreign nations into the German Empire, for we want to remain a homogeneous German nation. It is in our unity and homogeneity that our strength lies. Nor shall we aspire after any supremacy at sea, such as England claims for herself, but we shall prove the freedom of the seas for all nations. What the German nation wants and needs is peace in the sun and elbow-room on mother earth, which we shall certainly demand and obtain."

DEMOCRACY AND WAR.

Professor Hatschek, the well-known jurist, derives great satisfaction from the provisions recently made by the Defence of the Realm Act for the taking over by the British Government of all works and factories required for war purposes. Writing in the "Kölnische Zeitung," he points out that by this measure vast numbers of women will be converted into State employees, with the result that they will sooner or later make their power felt in the domain of politics.

Let it not be argued that State industries also exist in Germany and other countries, and that no one has as yet noticed any influence of this class of workers on political life. Those who argue so forget that England possesses a Parliamentary Government. Under a non-parliamentary system of Government the Minister is not the slave of the State employees, since he holds his appointment from the monarch, but in Parliamentary Monarchies he owes his position to Parliament, to the electors, including, of course, the working class—especially if the latter, as in England, is organized in strong trade unions.

England's Parliamentary Government will thus become an instrument of power in the hands of the Labour Party, a development which we in Germany may view with complacency, since a State controlled by the British Labour Party will have little inclination to get up wars out of commercial jealousy and to ally itself for that purpose with Russia, the arch enemy of all freedom.

Professor Hatschek is quite welcome to his innocent pleasure at the new "developments" in England, but his discovery is not new. It was made in England many years ago by the Tory Press during the campaign against the so-called municipal trading.

NAVIES AND THE RATE OF EXCHANGE.

Another professor—Herr Jastrow, of Berlin—derives satisfaction from another source—England's present passive balance of trade and the drop of her sterling rate of exchange below the "gold point." After seeing out this phenomenon in all detail, he says, in the course of an article in the "Berliner Tageblatt":—

In vain do the British financial papers point out that the German rate of exchange has dropped to a still larger extent. But we have never seen the hymn of Germanism ruling the waves, we have never boasted that the British Navy would be destroyed. We know what our fate would be at sea in case of a war, and we know that we would be able to bear it with honour and fortitude. But England has been drawn into the war without knowing what awaits her in the course of it. If the banker of the City of London had been told before the war that English bills would drop below the gold point, he would have believed it as little as that the starry sky would sink below the horizon. Britain, which rules the waves, no longer dares send her ships over the ocean with gold. The German submarine fix the rate of exchange—even at the New York Stock Exchange.

STREET OF RANTER.

The special correspondent of the "Berliner Tageblatt" at the Austrian head quarters tells the following instructive story:—

On one of the Easter days a Russian parliamentarian appeared before the Austro-Hungarian positions and asked to be taken to the Archduke Joseph. He was accordingly taken through the lines blindfolded. He handed to the Archduke, in the presence of the Russian commander, an Easter present in the shape of eggs and some hares. In his accompanying letter the Russian commander, paid, in flattering terms, a tribute to the heroism and the power of resistance of the Austrian troops, and suggested a three days' truce in order that on both sides the Easter days might be spent without disturbance. The reply of the Austrian commander was couched in equally courteous and chivalrous terms. Nevertheless the Archduke declined an armistice for which he saw no military need. Thereupon, on the following day, a general Russian assault began, which marked, in point of violence, the highest point in the struggle in this section. Recklessly did the Russian leaders drive column after column against our well-entrenched and heavily armed troops. Ultimately, however, as the gaps of the enemy were always filled up afresh, our troops were obliged to retreat before the superiority of numbers to a more southern line.

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FRIENDSHIP WITH RUSSIA.

COMMON AIMS MUTUAL INTERESTS.

One of the rich gains of the war, writes Harold Williams, in the *Daily Chronicle* is the new intimacy between Russia and England. We have taken the great plunge. We are allies now. We are fighting side by side in a life and death struggle. And in the light of to-day's intimacy it is strange to look back over the last few years and to note the gradual breakdown of old hostilities and misunderstandings, the growing sense of common aims and mutual interests, the cautious approaches, the occasional chills, the doubts, the hopes, the attractions and repulsions, the alternations of eager interest and comparative indifference that have marked the slow development of Russian relations since 1906.

It was written that we should be friends. The forces of history were steadily drawing us together, though only a few far-sighted politicians realised this distinctly and frankly and unhesitatingly accepted all the consequences. For most the main issue was obscured by innumerable minor considerations. We did not quite understand Russia and Russia did not quite understand us. It was natural that this should be so. Russia and England are both so big and complex that it needed more than the stroke of a pen or the mere expression of good will to adjust mutual interests and completely to establish a common understanding. In time of peace, too, we are all dispersed among a variety of separate interests and activities, we see in part, we judge in part, and we miss the significance of the whole. And then in justification of the perplexity of Englishmen it must be added that Russia, during the years of dawdling Anglo-Russian friendship, was passing through an internal crisis, that her energies were diffused and divided, and that the riddle of her development was one that frequently reduced her own politicians to despair.

THE BARRIER OF GERMANY.

But after all the main barrier between us was Germany. This is clear as daylight now, but it is curious to think how long and how successfully Germany prevented the development of a natural friendship between the greatest land power and the greatest empire on the seas. As between England and Germany on the one hand, and Germany and Russia on the other, there was an odd disparity of sympathies. In England, Germany made her bid to advanced liberals, in Russia to the reactionaries. Those groups in England, who were most strongly opposed to reaction in Russia, and for that reason shrank from association with the Eastern Power, were the very groups that most ardently promoted a rapprochement with Germany. But in Russia it was the reactionaries who stood for and were supported by Germany, and at many critical moments of Russian history it was the subtle diffusion of German influence that defeated reforms which enjoyed the sympathy of English liberals. One of the chief aims of German policy was the weakening of Russia, by the maintenance of a wholly abnormal state of affairs, by the promotion of a perpetual conflict between revolution and reaction. The close co-operation between St. Petersburg and Berlin was most clearly marked in the systematic thwarting of the aspirations of Poland, but it affected in various ways almost all the departments of Russia's internal administration.

On August 1st, Germany declared war on Russia, and on the following day the Tsar declared Russia in a state of war with Germany. A new era was opened up in Anglo-Russian relations. The German barrier has been removed for the time being. The most powerful factor in the estrangement of England and Russia has been eliminated. An unexploited opportunity has come for uniting the energies of two great people in the work of European reconstruction.

Now it would be fatal if, through carelessness or impatience, or want of thought, or excessive attention to minor considerations, either Englishmen or Russians were to fail to rise to the height of this great opportunity. So far the prospects are very good. Comradeship in arms warms the blood and stimulates and broadens thought, and Anglo-Russian friendship has made great strides since the war began. No announcement of Russian victories has aroused such enthusiasm as that which swept the country when the news came that England had decided to join in the war. And just as the splendid achievements of the Russian army have been registered in letters of glory in England, so Russian correspondents in the West write glowing descriptions of the organisation of our army, the appearance of our men, and their exploits in the field.

SILENCING ANTI-ENGLISH TALK.

But there are certain dangers, of which the Germans are waiting to take every possible advantage. And the chief is the danger of mere physical and mental weariness leading to reaction, and to a reversion to former habits of thought. Something of the kind was noticeable in Russia a short time ago, mostly among idlers in the capital. There was a good deal of unthinking talk about England not having done her share in the war, and shallow-minded people with no opinions of their own, seized on this as a subject of conversation, because it looked deep

and knowing and independent. This, in itself, would not have mattered very much, for after all the world will never be rid of rapid fuddlers. The trouble was that there was a purpose at the bottom of all this gossip. The pro-Germans were skillfully encouraging the mood. It was fully encouraged by the epigrams, they who launched the epigrams, gave form to the sneers, and gave to their circulation. Their agitation never penetrated very deeply. It did not affect the masses of the people, and the intelligent and well-informed indignantly opposed it. But it was a very good thing that Sir George Buchanan made his clear and strong statement of the English position when he did. It cleared the air. It brought the thoughtless to their senses. It aroused a new mood, and it must be said, started a new mood. I asked the other day after a dilettante politician, who had particularly annoyed his English friends by his loud harangues against our military arrangements. "Oh!" was the answer. "He's a great Anglo-phile now because it's chic."

There is one very interesting aspect of this anti-English talk. The people who started it were not only pro-Germans. They were reactionaries. That is to say, those who want to keep Russia apart from England, and those who wish to keep her backward, from a coterie whose secret sympathies are for Germany. They are the people who fear the defeat of the Kaiser because the Kaiser has no reason why he should as present fix any definite limits to her powers of resistance. She suffers much, and feels the strain greatly, but a Teutonic enemy is rugged, and it will need all the exertions that the Allies can make to break down his defence.

In front of us in the north there is the present line of German works immediately opposed to ours. There is Lille, now suitably defended. There are the successive lines of the Scheldt, the Dendre, and the Meuse, all prepared for a stout resistance, while finally there is the Rhine, which will be the worst obstacle of all. It is practicable to hold all these lines with comparatively weak forces and to resist for long, so that, if this be our line of advance, progress must be slow. It is not necessary to examine other fronts, but it is certain that Germany can defend herself and prolong the war if she pleases until she is exhausted, and that the length of her resistance turns mainly upon the enterprise and energy of the Allies in raising new troops and in producing adequate material of war.

The weak point of the German position, exclusive of certain sectors in the West, is the Austrian front. Hungary is exposed to an enveloping attack, and both Budapest and Vienna are liable to danger. The situation in this part of the theatre of war must be watched carefully, for if by reason of Russian successes, or the intervention of other States, Germany is compelled to detach more troops into Austria or Hungary, she will be gravely prejudiced in her operations elsewhere. The defence of the Trentino and the Isonzo may at any moment now need important garrisons, and the Austrian Army corps, belonging to these regions—namely, the 14th and the 3rd—are far away upon the Danube, leaving the defence of their homes to third line troops.

In view of all these difficulties which happily beset the aggressive Powers which began this terrible war, it is not possible to predict the new lines upon which German strategy will now be based, we can only watch carefully for German designs and begin our own offensive with the determination to impose our initiative upon the enemy and to dictate the future course of the war. It is not improbable that Germany, if she recognizes that success cannot now be achieved, will make a virtue of necessity, determine to treat before her armies are struck down, and make offers of peace which will show some superficial recognition of facts. Then will come the greatest test of our national character, for we must remain perfectly implacable until the renewal of this greatest crime of history is made wholly and absolutely impossible. The war has been hard and will be harder yet. But it will be child's play to the peace, which will be hardest of all.

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2 & 3, MINDEY VILLAGE, Kowloon 5-Roomed House with Tennis Court.
FOUR ROOMED HOUSES in Gordon Terrace and Salisbury Avenue, Kowloon.
FLATS in Nathan Road, Kowloon.
A FLAT in Humphreys Buildings, Kowloon.
Apply to:—
HUMPHREYS' ESTATE & FINANCE Co., Ltd.
Alexandra Buildings.
Hongkong, May 18, 1915.

WEEKLY NEWS FOR HOME

FULL REPORTS.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

Order before you leave, so that you may receive it while at Home.
Price \$13 per annum, including postage.

CAN BE MAILED FROM THIS OFFICE.

THE CHINA MAIL, Ltd., Wyndham Street.

TO LET

OFFICES TO LET.

SECOND FLOOR, Powell's Building, 3 Airy Rooms. Lift, Light, Immediate Possession.
Apply to:—
A. B. MOULDER & Co., Ltd.
Hongkong, May 12, 1915. 426

TO LET.

NO. 9, QUEEN'S GARDENS, 1st April.
No. 8, STEWART TERRACE, Peak: 1st May; Furnished or unfurnished.
Apply to:—
DENISON, RAM & GIBBS.
Hongkong, March 20, 1915. 271

QUEEN'S BUILDING.

TO LET the North West portion of the First Floor, including Treasury on Ground Floor, lately in occupation of the JERMAN BANK.
GODOWN, No. 9 Ice House Street.
OFFICES facing the Harbour between the Hongkong Club and Post Office.
Apply to:—
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT AND AGENCY Co., Ltd.
Hongkong, Feb. 11, 1915.

SIEN TING.

Surgeon Dentist
No. 14, D'ARVILLE STREET.
TERMS VERY MODERATE.
Consultation.

If you have lost your appetite, one of the best variety of dainty dishes at the ALEXANDRA CAFE is sure to tempt you.

HIMRODS

Give Instant Relief
Whatever your respiratory organs may be suffering from:
ASTHMA, INFLUENZA,
BRONCHITIS, CATARRH,
ORDINARY COUGH,
—you will find in this famous remedy
—restoration power that is simply
unmatched.
HIMROD'S
CURE FOR ASTHMA

THE CHINA MAIL TYPHOON MAP and GUIDE

Enables one to locate the centre
a Typhoon

MOUNTED ON CARDBOARD AND
TAPED FOR HANGING.

Price 40 Cents.

From THE CHINA MAIL OFFICE.

DON'T Forget after the Show, Supper, and Light Refreshments
ALEXANDRA CAFE
Open Till Midnight.

ROBT. PORTER & CO'S
CELEBRATED
BULL DOG
BRAND
LIGHT ALE
IN PINTS & SPLITS.
Very light, extremely palatable & refreshing.
Brewed from the finest English malt and hops.
SOLE AGENTS
A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.
Wine & Spirit Merchants.

WM. Powell
LTD.
TEL. 348
LADIES AND CHILDREN'S
BATHING COSTUMES
(SINGLE AND TWO-PIECE)
NOVELTIES IN
BATHING CAPS.
TOWELS.
WHITE TURKISH.
HUCKABACK.
CHRISTY'S BROWN.
PRETTY LADIES
BATHING
SANDALS.
JUST ARRIVED
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THE DIARY.
MEMOS. FOR TO-MORROW.
King's Birthday (1897).
Public Holiday.
Noon.—Messrs A. S. Watson and Co. Meeting.
General Memoranda.

FRIDAY, June 4.—
2.30 p.m.—Auction of Teakwood and Blackwood Furniture etc., at Messrs. Hughes and Hough's.

SATURDAY, June 5.—
2.30 p.m.—Auction of Jewellery, Silver Ware, Groceries, etc., etc., at Messrs. Hughes and Hough's.
3.30 p.m.—Gymkhana at Race Course. Happy Valley.

WEDNESDAY, June 3.—
11 a.m.—Auction of about 30 cases of Jam at A.S.C. Supply Office, Wellington. Backtrack.

THURSDAY, June 10.—
King of Sweden's Birthday (1859).

THURSDAY, June 17.—
Bunker Hill Day (Mass. U.S.A.).
Dragon Boat Festival.

TUESDAY, June 22.—
Coronation Day.

THE EDWARD DISPENSARY
O. KAMMING & Co., Ltd.
Chemists and Druggists.
GREAT REDUCTIONS IN PRICES.
PRESCRIPTIONS ACCURATELY DISPENSED.
Pure Drugs, Patent Medicines, &c.
2A, QUEEN'S ROAD, HONGKONG.
Hongkong, July 1, 1913.

The Star

HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, June 2, 1915.

UNIVERSAL COMPULSORY SERVICE FOR ENGLAND.

For the United Kingdom there is no more vital question at the present time than the question as to whether or not universal compulsory service should be adopted. It is the "topic of the hour," we learn, and that it is likely to continue so is very probable. It is often being advocated by various public-spirited men, notably by the late Earl Roberts, who devoted much time and energy in a vain endeavour to arouse the nation to a sense of the great and growing importance of the question to the nation and to the Empire. Important as was the question previous to the war, it is now very much more so. Indeed, it is as well that it should be not so much the topic of the hour as the topic of discussion by all having a clear conception of the needs of the country in this hour of stress and peril until such stress and peril are past. For generations England has got along quite well without conscription or any other form of compulsory universal service, and for the requirements of both Army and Navy, the necessary number of men have never long been lacking. However, what is suitable for one time may be and often is quite unsuitable for another. So is it in regard to this vital question—for vital it is to-day and must remain so until definitely settled. It is indeed the all important question and very much depends upon the manner in which it is now considered.

On more than one occasion Lord Kitchener has expressed his satisfaction with the number of recruits for whom he had asked and it is also believed that his Lordship is quite satisfied with the ready manner with which they have come forward. It is not exactly known, we believe, whether or not Lord Kitchener favours or is opposed to the adoption of some system of universal service for the United Kingdom. He would, of course, find his task of furnishing new armies an easier one if compulsory service were in force. Perhaps, however, his Lordship is of Mr. Lloyd George's opinion that the "silver bullets" will in the end prove of even more importance than a regular supply of recruits. That brings us to the crux of the matter, namely, whether the country would at the present time be acting wisely in completely changing her economic conditions that are now so firmly rooted and which largely enable us to look forward to prosecuting the war successfully. For in war, as in everything else, money is a very powerful factor. If Lord Kitchener could be induced—as probably he could—to state definitely his views as to universal service for the Motherland, it is very probable that the question would be at once seriously discussed and definitely settled. Our own view is that in the circumstances universal service should be adopted as soon as possible and continued for at least the duration of the war. There is plenty of wealth at hand to assist towards the successful prosecution of the war.

To-day we have much more need of men than of money, and apart from the undoubted good that would accrue to the nation by the improvement of the men's physique by military training, we owe it to ourselves and to our Allies that we put forth our utmost energies towards smashing the hideous tyranny that Prussia holds up to the world if victory falls to her.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

The proprietress of the Nomura Hotel complains that she has had stolen from the hotel the sum of Ym 135 in notes.

A gold watch and chain, valued at \$40, are reported to have been stolen from 292 Queen's Road Central early yesterday morning.

The Police at Wanchai have sent to the Hospital a man named U. Hop, aged 49 years, who is suffering from poisoning, alleged to have been administered by his wife, whom the police are detaining.

Sanitary Inspector Davies charged the shopkeeper of the ground floor of 22 Sai Street with selling "fresh" pork without a license. Defendant was fined \$10 for a similar offence two weeks ago. Today he was fined \$25.

As the Derby is to be run, after all, at Newmarket shortly, the description of the race for the Two Thousand Guineas and notes on the prospects of the horses entered for the Derby—published in another column—will be of particular interest to those concerned in local and other sweepstakes on the "blue ribbon" of the turf.

Twelve months' hard labour was the sentence imposed upon a kidnapper at the Magistrate's court this morning by Mr. Wood. The defendant, pleading guilty, said he was asked by a friend to take the child. He took it to the San Ming district, where it was sold for \$70. Defendant added that he received \$14 as his share and had bought clothes with it. Inspector Gordon prosecuted.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

Governor-General Harrison of the Philippines, with Mrs. Harrison and party, is visiting North China, and Japan, on a pleasure trip.

Mr. J. Van Vollenhoven, ex-Governor General of Indo-China, has enlisted in the 7th Regiment of Colonial Infantry at Bordeaux, and has the rank of Sergeant.

SOLICITORS' CLERK'S DEPORTATION.

A Question of Bail.

The Chief Justice and the Puisne Judge sat at the Full Court this morning to hear the answer of the Captain Superintendent of Police to a rule nisi, made by the Chief Justice on the application of Mr. P. C. Jenkins, calling upon him to show cause why he should not produce before the Court Lo Tsz Shau, who Lo Hing Cheung, at present detained in Victoria gaol under a deportation order made by the Governor-in-Council, the chief interpreter in the office of Messrs. Williams and Messrs. Solicitors, fraudulently attempted to obtain \$10,000 from the Bank of Canton, the money of the executors of Lau Chak Pak, deceased. When he made the application for the rule nisi, Mr. Jenkins said that he would show that Lo Tsz Shau was not a British subject, as he was a natural born British subject. The Attorney-General (Hon. Mr. J. H. Kemp) said he had consented to the hearing being postponed until 11 a.m. this morning, though the motion of two days' notice had not been complied with, but he regretted that he was not in a position to argue the case to-day and would have to ask for an adjournment.

Mr. Jenkins, who did not object, renewed his application for bail, pointing out that if his client left Hongkong no harm would be done, as that was what the Crown wished him to do. Their Lordships perused the Ordinances, and some argument having taken place as to whether there is power to grant bail once the order is made, the Chief Justice, expressing the opinion that it would be laying down a dangerous principle to say that where the liberty of the subject was concerned the Court had no power to grant bail. He thought they would be acting properly in granting bail, but in doing so he was not desirous to dissent from the opinion of his learned predecessor in the Lau Chin Nam case. Bail was fixed at \$2,000 and the hearing to Monday next at 10.30.

THE PRINCE OF WALES.

Return to the Front.

The "Common Circular" of April 25 contained the following announcement:—
The Prince of Wales left this afternoon to resume his duties with the Expeditionary Force.

CHAMBERLAIN'S PAIN BALM.

A TOUCH OF rheumatism, or a twinge of neuralgia, whether the trouble is Chamberlain's Pain Balm drives away the pain at once and cures the complaint quickly. First application gives relief. When a bottle of it is kept in the house the pain of rheumatism and neuralgia may be promptly relieved, and the sufferer need not be troubled with the usual delay in getting relief. In fact, for the household it is just such an embolism as every family should be provided with. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

PRISONERS IN GERMANY.

AN APPEAL FOR FUNDS.

Since we published on 10th ult. the "Khai" Magazine's appeal for funds to provide food and comfort for British prisoners a sum of sixty dollars has been subscribed, as follows:—

LIST OF SUBSCRIBERS TO THE "KHAU" MAGAZINE PRISONERS' FUND DURING THE MONTH OF MAY 1915.
Mr. D. W. Cuddock \$10
Mr. J. M. (Hogdon) 10
Mr. E. Irving 10
Mr. James M. Beck 20
"American, Canton" 10

(At 1/92 = 53.8) \$80
The following is an extract from our issue of May 10, and the advertisement referred to therein will be published again in a few days' time. Lists of subscriptions will be published in these columns from time to time.

FOOD AND COMFORTS NEEDED.

If proof were needed of the fact that British prisoners in Germany are not only deprived of the ordinary comforts of life but in many cases are actually kept short of necessary food and clothing, it is to be found in the letters which have reached England from the men themselves. It is hard to think that the men who have been captured while fighting their country's battles are in actual want, and we are sure the appeal made by the publishers of "Khai" for funds with which to procure their lot will, despite the many calls upon the purses of the residents of Hongkong, meet with a ready response.

Official organisations have recently been created at Home to carry parcels to the British prisoners in Germany, and means have been taken, as far as possible, to ensure that the parcels shall reach the troops. The publishers of "Khai," a philanthropic magazine established to supply home information to Territorial units, has undertaken the distribution of relief.

An advertisement on page 3 of this issue gives full particulars. Subscriptions may be sent to the Chartered Bank who will publish a list of subscribers in these columns.

ALICE MEMORIAL HOSPITAL.

The Hon. Treasurer of the Alice Memorial and Affiliated Hospitals begs to acknowledge with thanks the following donation to the funds of the Hospitals:—
A. Ross & Co. (Special) \$50

EMLEN RELICS.

A Fremantle friendly will turn you out relics of the Spidey-Emlen battle at prices to suit your pocket and patriotism:—
Fragments of cannon—2/6.
Shrapnel bullets (our own make), 2s. dozen.
Remains of captain's sash—3d. per volt.
Captain's bayonet—1/6.
Bundles of German soldiers' wills—7d. each.

Bible with shooting gallery bullet in it—1/6 (reduction on taking two Lyons books found on bodies of South Beach sailors).
Remains of von Mueller's gramophone—Any price.
Incinerated sausage—1d. a pound.
Ship's log (from Millar's karr)—10s. per 1,000 super feet.
Coronets, with chain—Would exchange for poplins.
Six tathons of leeward suit (suitable for live bait)—Any offer.
Dryblower in the Perth Sunday Times.

NO COTTON FOR GERMANY.

The Government, by the mouth of Sir John Simon, has answered Sir William Ramsay and his friends effectively enough. It is, in effect, that the British Government have taken powers by the new famous Order in Council to stop anything they like going into Germany; that cotton will certainly be included among the goods thus absolutely stopped; and that if it is not formally declared to be absolutely contraband it is because, firstly, it would make no difference in practice, and secondly, it would be the simple of putting cotton on the contraband list. The distinction thus plainly explained certainly appears to have something in common with that of the White Knight between what a thing is called and its name, but on the point of fact Sir William Ramsay may clearly be sure: no cotton will enter Germany if the British Government can prevent it.

WIFE'S TRAGIC DEATH.

Nervous as to her husband's safety, Mrs. Sam's Emily Gore, wife of a Police constable, went to the house of William Wood, a friend, who had taken her husband out in his car to see the inquiries. As she was going back home she was knocked down and killed by Wood's car in the dark. Her husband had just previously alighted at his home. At the inquest a verdict of "Accidental death" was returned.

BOWEL COMPLAINT IN CHILDREN.

DURING the summer months mothers should watch for any untoward bowels of the child's bowels. When given prompt attention at this time serious trouble may be avoided. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy can always be depended upon. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

NON-DELIVERY OF BRAID.

AN EFFECT OF THE WAR.

In the Summary Court to-day the Puisne Judge delivered his considered judgment in the action by the On Hing trading firm, of 132 Wellington Street, against G. Martini, import and export merchant, of King's Buildings, a claim for \$1,000 for the non-delivery of twelve cases of llama braid bought under contract. His Lordship, after the usual formalities, said:—
In the course of his judgment his Lordship said to be found as a fact (1) that the goods which were the subject matter of the action had not arrived owing to the existence of the war; (2) that owing to the war the braid was not delivered; and in existence: (a) An irregular arrival of wool from Australia; (b) a difficulty in obtaining dyes; (c) a lack of tonnage; (d) Italy, where the goods were to come from, is mobilised and in short of hands; (e) there is a prohibition with respect to the position of spun wool from England; (f) there is a prohibition with respect to the exportation of manufactured wool from Italy.

Plaintiffs were told of the non-arrival at due date and also that the goods were being delayed owing to the war, and the plaintiffs said that they would wait with respect to delivery of the goods. The goods had never arrived in the Colony, and plaintiffs were told that they must arrive at any time.

It was of opinion that the case had to be decided having regard to the following condition of the contract: "If cargo does not arrive within the stipulated time, the buyer, on notification, has at once to avail himself of the option to prolong or to cancel the contract." Plaintiffs elected to wait until the seller was in a position to supply the goods under the contract.

His Lordship said he had obtained from one of the leading English firms in the Colony their form of contract, and the condition in that contract was as follows: "If goods do not arrive within the stipulated time buyer has no claim on account of non-arrival of the goods, and either party shall be at liberty to rescind the contract at any time." It was found that the condition was much more stringent in its terms than the condition in the contract concerned in the case. He was of opinion that the plaintiffs, having elected to wait, must wait until the defendants were in a position to deliver the goods.

Judgment for defendant, with costs.

Solicitors: For plaintiffs, Mr. R. C. Faithfull; for defendant, Mr. Dixon, of Messrs. Williams and Grist.

THE EXTRADITION CASE.

Further evidence was taken by Mr. Wood at the Magistrate's court this afternoon on the extradition to China of Chan Sing, on a charge of murder and robbery.

Evidence was given by a villager of Po Shan Sin, in the Heungshan district, to the effect that the village was attacked by a gang of robbers one night in April last. From the roof he observed that the robbers were all armed with rifles and revolvers. A few of the villagers were also armed. The robbers killed a hawk who had settled in the village over 30 years ago. Witness identified prisoner as one of the robbers.

The case was again adjourned.

DUEL ON THE FIELD.

Many thrilling stories of British heroism are told in a column article, which Mr. Edgar Wallace sends from "Somewhere in France" to the Birmingham Daily Post. We quote the following:—
A very angry German fell into the hands of a small party of Guardsmen. "You may kill me," he said passionately, "but I shall never surrender." Now, if there is one thing which a soldier will never do to kill a man in cold blood, the little party were not surprised.
"I will surrender to the French, but not to you," said the officer, who spoke very excellently the language of the people he despised. As the French were distant many miles, and there was not even a French attaché in sight, it looked as though his man would have to wait, but he was not to wait for long. He was to go to the way of all flesh.
"Look here," said an exasperated soldier, "you mustn't keep us hanging about here all day. Give us that sword."
"For answer the German officer sprang forward and made a lunge at the man, and then ensued one of the most extraordinary duels which the war has produced. The Guardsman's companion stood aside and took no part, and for a moment it was a case of word against bayonet in a lightning contest, where perfect skill was shown on both sides. The end came suddenly.
Wounded in the shoulder by a sharp thrust of the bayonet, the officer dropped his sword. He himself told the story to a friend in London. "The astounding thing to me is that the other men made an attempt to put me out of action," he said. "I think there must be something in 'sport' that I have never appreciated before." This is a true story, any one undoubtedly creditable to the British Army.

WAR BABIES.

A Careful Investigation.

The Archbishops of Canterbury and York, Dr. Scott Lidgett, Adeline Duchess of Bedford, Dr. Mary Schellish, Theresa Duchesses of Londonderry, Lady Edmund Talbot, and others have been giving careful consideration to the alleged probability that there will be during the war an increase in the number of illegitimate births, and they have requested a committee of ladies composed by Mrs. Creighton, in consultation with the "National Union of Women Workers," to investigate the nature and extent of the danger. They propose to try to consider the problem from the point of view of the child, and the steps which, in conjunction with official bodies, should be taken if it is shown that the problem is a serious one. The Archbishop of York will be chairman.

SAFE, SURE, ALWAYS CURES.

Do not suffer from Swamp, Colic, Cholera, or Diarrhoea. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy goes to the right spot and gives immediate relief. You cannot afford to be without it if you are subject to attacks of this kind. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

SOMETHING DEPENDABLE.

DIARRHOEA is always more or less prevalent during this weather. Be prepared for it. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is prompt and effective. It is always on hand, and is a safe remedy for all cases of this kind. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

THE TWO THOUSAND GUINEAS.

VICTORY OF POMMERN.

HERBY PROSPECTS.

(By "Hotspur" in the "Daily Telegraph.")
At Newmarket this afternoon, (April 28) Pommern won the Two Thousand Guineas for Mr. S. B. Joel. He won with great ease by three lengths from Mr. L. Neumann's "Tombstone," who had won the Derby. The Victor by a neck for second place. Gadsbaw was fourth, Sunfire fifth, and Rosendale sixth. Those really were all that mattered. The victory was immensely popular on the course, and I feel sure it was so in a general way. Every lover of a good horse must delight to see one prevail as Pommern did to-day. And Pommern convinced everyone by the fluent ease of his success that he is in a class apart from those who opposed him. A crowd quite as big as last year saw the race, though no doubt it would have been augmented by comparison had the many men in khaki been absent. Another matter which contributed to the enjoyment of the proceedings was the perfect weather; even though a strong easterly wind still sought to lick the last drop of moisture from Newmarket Heath.

First and foremost, let it be said that Pommern looked an entirely different horse, so far as appearance went. I predicted that; but it was quite remarkable, nevertheless, to note the transformation. A fortnight ago he was soft and weak-looking, nervous, and even in a great deal. This afternoon Charles Peck saddled him and the quiet of the hoofs, and throughout the formality he remained cool. Thus, he appeared in the paddock cool, hard, and undoubtedly extremely well within himself. Let Fly also made many friends in the paddock. He stripped perfectly trained and a great credit to Fred Leader, while he seemed on good terms with himself, though he must have felt strange in the blinkers which were put on him for the first time on a racecourse. Rosendale, big, burly, and businesslike—came in for attention, and even persuaded some usually sane folk that he would gain beat Pommern, though meeting him on 11lb worse terms for a three-quarter mile, a length beating Sunfire, and at his best physically. I walked round the ring preparatory to being mounted as if nothing in the world mattered. He is indeed a cool and matter-of-fact customer, but I feel grateful to him if only because he enabled me to fulfil my prediction that he would beat Let Fly. Pommern is a strong horse of some possibilities, and there is no doubt that he has recently been giving some satisfaction in his gallops. Sammartino is a more commanding horse than his stable companion, Friar Marcus, but it was the latter, after all, that caused his name to be shouted up to the bushes landmark. He appeared well trained, but there was more than one indication that he may not be generous. He has not the commanding presence of Pommern.

ROMANUS'S DESCRIPTION.

What did the race tell us? Simply this: That Pommern stood out as substantially the best horse. He was always going well, and smoothly, and at no time was he pressed to win easily by the considerable margin of three lengths. He showed us that he would readily vanquish all those in the Derby that opposed him now, for he proved himself much superior to Let Fly and Sunfire, whom he was taken on for the first time. Apparently, the two last-named can be wiped out, and that being so, it leaves us with King Priam as the only real danger at Epsom. I shall refer to that horse presently. First, let me tell you what Donoghue, who, like Mr. S. B. Joel, was "unable" to win his first classic race, had to tell me about the race. He said: "Directly I got on the horse he began to sweat, and when I got to the post he shook a bit. I patted him, and as once he began to cool off, he was very good at the post and when the start took place he jumped off well. He went beautifully with me the whole time, and when I pulled up he was cool. I think when we started, nothing troubled him in the race. He practically made his own running in the middle of the course. I think probably the King's horse (Friar Marcus) might have been running level with us. As soon as I pulled up Pommern stood looking at the other horses and was as cool as a cucumber."

I have said this is the best classic race of the first to congratulate him was his brother, Mr. J. B. Joel, who has won so many in a little time. Beyond any doubt Pommern is the best horse Mr. Solly Joel has ever owned, and naturally the victory is made all the sweeter from the fact that he bred him at his own stud at Maiden Eridge, and that he is by his champion sire, Polymelos. I have written before that Pommern, except for a trifling shortness of neck, is a beautiful animal. His victory was such a delightfully smooth one that he must now become a hot favourite for the Derby, and so far as the form is known his chief opponent must be King Priam, who won the Chippendale Stakes later this afternoon. No wise person could have expected to see Friar Marcus prevail to-day after the attitude taken by Lord Marcus, Beresford and Mr. Marsh. The horse had grievously disappointed them when tried, and they accepted the position by starting him as a foreign horse together with the one that beat him easily in the Derby. It is a truer of the vast experience of high class horses such as Mr. Marsh tells us that a horse has no chance it is not for others to assume that he is woefully wrong. Yet there were people who to their sorrow stuck to Friar Marcus, only to see the trainer's opinion, that the horse does not stay, confirmed. Let Fly's behaviour at the post suggested that the blinkers had upset him, and in the race he did nothing more than run fast for six furlongs. His jockey afterwards said there was no excuse for him.

SUNFIRE AND THE VIZIER.

Sunfire ran honestly enough, and at one time I thought he would place, but he could not run on. It was certainly strange to find him falling to beat The Vizier, against whom Jove ran a fair second at Sandown last week, giving 10lb. A Jove is at least 14lb. behind Sunfire, and he was well beaten by the latter. The placing are concerned, is correct. Anyhow, it is not surprising the Vizier won the Esher Cup. But as I wrote at the time, he is a really nice-looking horse. His trainer, Mr. Dawson, saw to-day a race from a place near to the Bushes, and said that time he said "I thought" my

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 2, 1915.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 2, 1915.

Letting—2 to 1 against Pommern, 7 to 2 Sunfire, 4 to 1 Let Fly, 100 to 1 Friar Marcus, 100 to 1 each Sammartino and Tombstone, 50 to 1 each Gadsbaw and Rosendale, 25 to 1 each Let Fly and Sunfire, 50 to 1 each Friar Marcus and Let Fly. At the Bushes Let Fly and Rosendale dropped back, and Pommern took second place. He could make no impression, however, on Pommern, who sailed along in front of his field, and won easily by three lengths. A head separated second and third. Gadsbaw was fourth. Sunfire fifth. Rosendale sixth. Apocryphal seventh. Sammartino eighth. Let Fly ninth Friar Marcus tenth. Follow Up next; and Spring Thyme last. Time, 1min 43.2-sec.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 2, 1915.

Mr. Sol Jolly's b c Pommern, by Polymelos—Molly Agnes, 9s. (S. Donoghue) 1
Mr. L. Neumann's b c Tombstone, 9s. (Wal. Griggs) 2
Lord Carnarvon's b c The Vizier, 9s. (F. Rickaby) 3
His Majesty's Friar Marcus, 9s. (F. Rickaby) 4
His Majesty's Sammartino, 9s. (H. Jones) 5
Mr. H. Robertson's Beresford, 9s. (Thwaites) 6
Col. Hall Walker's Let Fly, 9s. (H. Robb) 7
Col. Hall Walker's Follow Up, 9s. (H. Robb) 8
Mr. J. B. Joel's Sunfire, 9s. (G. Stern) 9
Mr. J. A. de Rothschild's Apocryphal, 9s. (J. Childs) 10
Major Robert's Rosendale, 9s. (J. Clark) 11
Major Robert's Highfield, 9s. (F. Teuplemann) 12
Sir F. Cassel's Gadsbaw, 9s. (Lancaster) 13
Mr. Reid Walker's Miletus, 9s. (F. O'P) 14
Mr. O. Lewis's Swift, 9s. (Wing) 15
Mr. W. Nelson's Spring Thyme, 9s. (Buxton) 16
(Winner trained by C. Peck at Newmarket, and bred by Owner.)

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 2, 1915.

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GYMKHANA NOTES.

(Specially written for the "China Mail.")

It is to be hoped that Jupiter Phivius will be considerate enough to withdraw his watering pots for the next few days so that the Gymkhana may be held. It is very annoying to get a pony thoroughly wound up and fit to race and then to have the meeting postponed, as the Chinese pony can rarely be kept fit to race for more than three days, and a week's postponement is usually fatal to hopes, provided the animal was thoroughly fit and ready to race.

The Gymkhana Stakes looks to be again good for Roman Chief, though the Duke Dublin, which will be ridden by Greg this time, has done some good work. Maybey, Knoll up, is also in the picture, but Roman Chief will be a hot favourite and will probably justify the choice. Aldwych would have been my fancy had he been in condition, but his style is so scratchy and his appearance so out of sorts that one can scarcely expect him to reproduce any of his past performances.

The handicaps are very satisfactory and outsiders should have a good show at the weights. Wild Cat at 140lbs. looks distinctly useful for the three-quarters, and in the 14 mile handicap is nicely in at a low scale.

The Subs. are chopping and changing about in their gallops and the only consistent performer is Lucky Gem. He should be very close to the 2 mile post once round and in handicap, Kukri is going well, and is always to be reckoned with at about a mile. Soldier and Tinker, the Ewe snail, have put up some good gallops and must be there or thereabouts. On Friday I will endeavour to give a few tips, which will be based on this week's training gallops.

"DAYBREAK."

horse was going to win, but I

confess I didn't notice Pommern at that moment. I was only watching my own horse. Rosendale ran a good race, but I was not watching him. Pommern, with a fortnight's galloping in the wind, and an advantage of 15lb, could not beat him, then, form was surely never so manifestly misleading. If, however, there was one thing clear before the race it was that Pommern would certainly beat the one that had beaten him for the Crown Stakes. The winner's trainer, Charles Peck, is deserving of very special praise for the way he has patiently built up and improved the horse from two to three years. He has a way of chastening the bitterness of defeat by preparing himself for disappointment, but I have an idea that he was well satisfied with Pommern to-day, and that he would have experienced the sharpest reverse of his life had the unexpected happened.

I come now to King Priam, and the convincing way he won the Chippendale Stakes for Mr. Williamson. I have always entertained a strong regard for this son of Your Majesty, and, to my mind, it was inconceivable for him to be beaten to-day, even though over a mile and a half apart yet absolutely at his best. He had, however, a big pull in the weights with My Prince, who never was in the first class and failure would indeed have put him out of the Derby reckoning. King Priam is a rather heavy topped horse, and the hand ground must have been against him rather than otherwise. Perhaps he was feeling it a trifle when the descent from the bushes hill was started, as Wing found it necessary to introduce him to the whip. The admission, however, was only slight, but it was sufficient to wake him up, and the way he settled My Prince and went on to win like a good horse and a stayer was most encouraging. After all, he was second to Pommern when that horse was receiving 8lb, and I am sure Mr. Williamson's colt was not at his best that day. Therefore, it is just as well, in the moment of enthusiasm over Pommern, to remember that King Priam is in the land of the living, and that he may be a most important factor to be reckoned with.

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No. 5 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2
No. 6 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2
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No. 61 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2
No. 62 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2
No. 63 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2
No. 64 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2
No. 65 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2
No. 66 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2
No. 67 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2
No. 68 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2
No. 69 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2
No. 70 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2
No. 71 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2
No. 72 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2
No. 73 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2
No. 74 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2
No. 75 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2
No. 76 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2
No. 77 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2
No. 78 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2
No. 79 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2
No. 80 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2
No. 81 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2
No. 82 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2
No. 83 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2
No. 84 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2
No. 85 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2
No. 86 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2
No. 87 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2
No. 88 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2
No. 89 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2
No. 90 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2
No. 91 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2
No. 92 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2
No. 93 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2
No. 94 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2
No. 95 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2
No. 96 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2
No. 97 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2
No. 98 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2
No. 99 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2
No. 100 Dock Kowloon	700	120	20	1	6 1/2

Please Address Enquiries to the Chief Manager,
 1407

R. M. DYER, B.Sc., M.I.N.E., Kowloon Dock, Hongkong.

TODAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to Sell by Public Auction, on

TUESDAY,

the 8th June, 1915, commencing at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of Ice House Street, a QUANTITY OF

VALUABLE TEAKWOOD FURNITURE, etc., PRINCIPALLY

NEW STOCK.

As follows:—

One Drawing Room Suite, Bedroom Furniture, Arm-chairs and Sofas, Carpets, Brass Twin and Brass-mounted Bedsteads, Sideboards, Dinner Wagons, Extension Dining Tables and Chairs, etc., etc., Dinner and Dessert Services, Crockery, Glass and E.P. Ware, Cooking Stoves, Cutlery, etc., etc.

Also One Pair very fine Blackwood Cabinets, 14-fold Blackwood Fire Screen (Porcelain Panels), Stands, Teapots, Sotters, etc., One Piano in good condition, several pairs Lace Curtains (NEW) 4 yds. long, One Singer Sewing Machine, &c., &c., &c.

(Full Particulars from Catalogue.)

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH, Auctioneers.

Hongkong, June 2, 1915. 480

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to Sell by Public Auction, on

FRIDAY and SATURDAY,

the 11th and 12th June, 1915, commencing at 2.30 p.m., each day, at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of Ice House Street, a VALUABLE COLLECTION OF

ANTIQUE CHINESE PORCELAINS, BRONZES, BRASSES, IVORIES, &c., &c.

Comprising:—

Blue and White, 5-Coloured and 3-Coloured Vases, Bowls, Jars, Plates and Screens, &c. of all the different dynasties, Famille Rose Porcelains of the Yungching and Tzongchow Periods, Ming Bronzes and Brasses, Jade and Amber Ornaments, Old Carved Ivories, Chinese Kakeemonas, Snuff Bottles, &c., &c., &c.

(Full Particulars from Catalogue.)

N.B.—The Undersigned will give a week's guarantee as to the genuineness of the articles offered.

Terms:—As usual.

HUGHES & HOUGH, Auctioneers.

Hongkong, June 2, 1915. 488

ROYAL OBSERVATORY.

HONGKONG DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

JUNE 2, 1915.—a.m.

Station. Hour. Barometer at Sea Level. Temperature. Humidity. Direction of Wind. Force. Weather.

Victoria Harbour. 7 a.m. 29.99 74 81 SW 3 1

Shanghai. 7 a.m. 29.99 74 81 SW 3 1

Amoy. 7 a.m. 29.99 74 81 SW 3 1

Swatow. 7 a.m. 29.99 74 81 SW 3 1

Shanghai. 7 a.m. 29.99 74 81 SW 3 1

Amoy. 7 a.m. 29.99 74 81 SW 3 1

Swatow. 7 a.m. 29.99 74 81 SW 3 1

Shanghai. 7 a.m. 29.99 74 81 SW 3 1

Amoy. 7 a.m. 29.99 74 81 SW 3 1

Swatow. 7 a.m. 29.99 74 81 SW 3 1

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Amoy. 7 a.m. 29.99 74 81 SW 3 1

Swatow. 7 a.m. 29.99 74 81 SW 3 1

Shanghai. 7 a.m. 29.99 74 81 SW 3 1

TYPHOON SIGNALS

STORM-WARNINGS ISSUED FROM THE HONGKONG OBSERVATORY.

The following Typhoon signals and hoisted on the Masthead on Signal Hill, Kowloon, the Harbour Office, the Kowloon Godown, H. M. S. Tamar, Green Island, Standard Oil Premises, Lai-chi-ko and F. O. Quarters, Lyseum.

A CONE point upwards indicates a Typhoon to the North of the Colony.

A CONE point downwards indicates a Typhoon to the South of the Colony.

A CONE point downwards and DRUM below indicates a Typhoon to the South-East of the Colony.

A CONE point downwards and BALL below indicates a Typhoon to the South-West of the Colony.

A CONE point downwards and DRUM below indicates a Typhoon to the West of the Colony.

A CONE point downwards and BALL below indicates a Typhoon to the West of the Colony.

A CONE point downwards and DRUM below indicates a Typhoon to the West of the Colony.

A CONE point downwards and BALL below indicates a Typhoon to the West of the Colony.